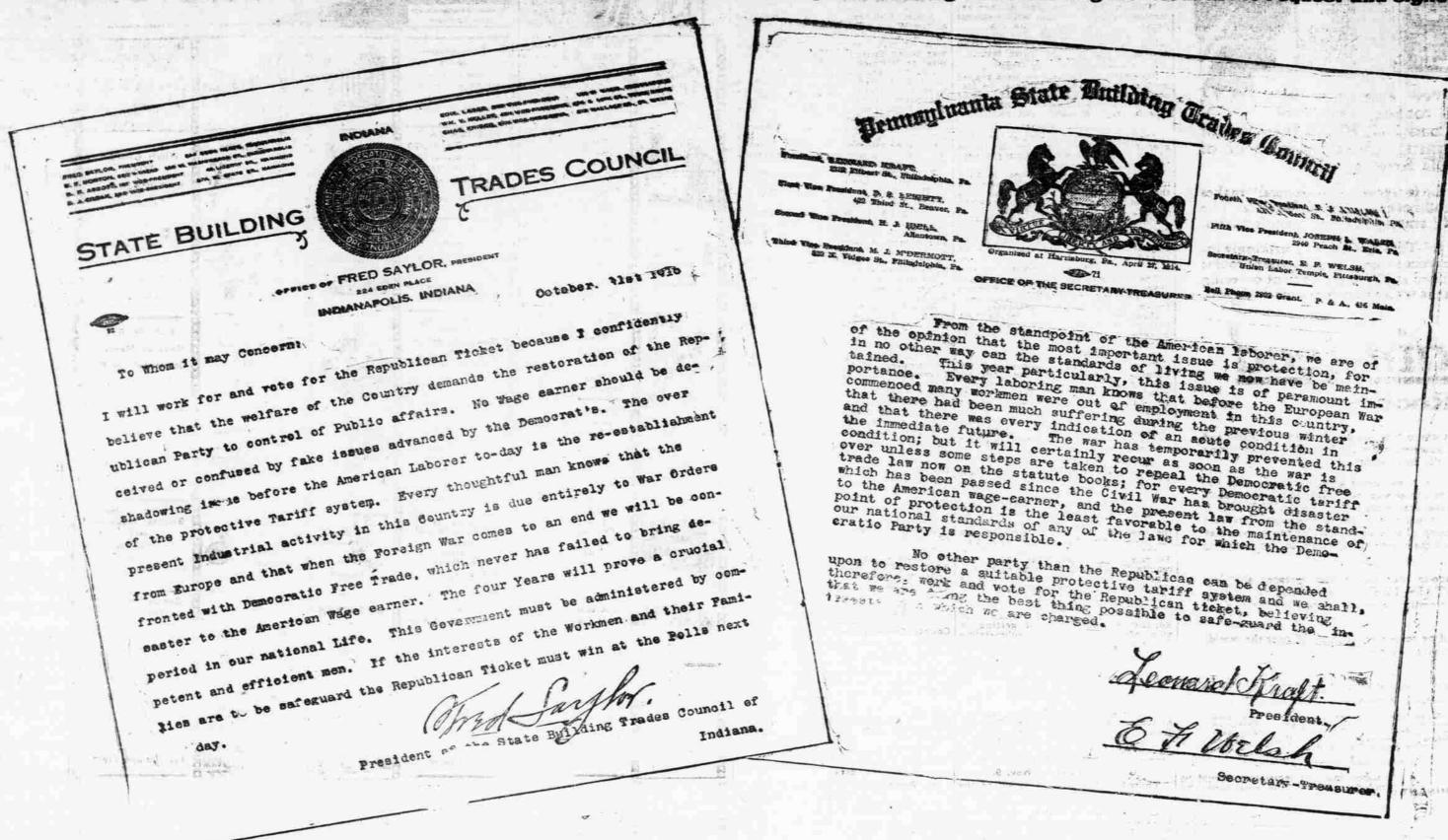
## Labor Leaders Endorse Hughes

One-third of all laws beneficial to labor, passed in New York State in 133 years, were passed during Governor Hughes' term at his request and signed by him



(From Cleveland Leader, October 28

## THADES COUNCIL BALKS AT WILSON

Second Attempt to Force
Labor to Indorse His Reelection Falls.

(From The Philadelphia Public Ledger, October 23, 1916.)

# MOVE TO INDORSE WILSON QUASHED BY LABOR UNION

Central Body, in Stormy Session, Tables Resolution Indefinitely

INDIGNATION GREETS

(From The Washington Post, October 22, 1916.)

CHICAGO LABOR FOR HUGHES.

Building Trades Council Says President Wilson Lacks Sympathy.

Special to Per Washington Pool.

Chicago, Out Ri.—One branch of granized labor awang into line for Charles E. Hughas touland when the Chicago Building Frades Spanell, of which Simon O'Donnell to president, adopted resolutions upging the defeat of President Wilson because of lack

men."
Arthur D Burbank, chalemen of the legislative board of railroad trainmen in Illinois, issued a statement declaring that railroad amployee are turning from President Wilson

"It is the first time our astignat offears have attempted to tell as how we ment yote, and there are thousands like myself who will not stand for such the fative," said the Rarbang' "I am sopvisced that the septiment expons the rairond men for humbes is growing

### This is Labor's Answer to the Attempt

#### To Deliver the American Workingman's Vote

THE labor vote cannot be delivered to the Democratic party. The bulk of it throughout the country will go to Hughes was the positive declaration of Thomas J. Williams, one of the most prominent trade unionists in the United States, in course of an interview in Pittsburgh on November 1, 1916.

Mr. Williams is National President of the Building Trades department of the American Federation of Labor, which includes every craft in any way identified with the building industry.

It has a membership of nearly one and a half million men, all mechanics, which is more than fifty per cent, of the entire membership of the organization of which Samuel Gompers is the head.

Mr. Williams has just completed a tour of the south and middle west, in course of which he talked with representatives of every industry and addressed seven national conventions of labor organizations.

"No man or group of men can deliver the labor vote to the Democratic party," said Mr. Williams. "The American workingman always has supported the Republican ticket, and for a very practical reason

"He knows that the Republican party stands for the great principle of protection to American industry, and that without such protection there can be no prosperity for him. The wage earners of this country today consider the re-establishment of the protective tariff system the one great issue before them, and they will vote accordingly next Tuesday.

"No sensible laboring man is deceived by the present abnormal industrial activity in the United States. We all know that war orders from Europe are responsible for it.

"If the foreign conflict should end tomorrow, the wage earners of this country would be confronted with precisely similar conditions to those which confronted them during the first two years of the Wilson administration—idle mills, dead locomotives, men out of employment, and business depression everywhere.

The workingman will vote next Tuesday for the Republican ticket because he will then vote for his own material welfare.

"In my trip through the south and west, I discussed the political situation with hundreds of laboring men. I found no indication anywhere of a pronounced trend of sentiment in the ranks of the wage-earners towards the Democratic party."

The Republican Protective Fariff protects workingmen's wages without increasing the cost of living. The question is shall we have a Democratic tariff that only pretends to help the wage-earner or a Republican tariff that really protects him?

Vote for Hughes



Republican National Publicity Committee